



‘名詞+THAT CLAUSE’ について

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On the Construction ‘NOUN+THAT CLAUSE’

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The purpose of this paper is to investigate how many kinds of noun are used before THAT clause, how each noun is used in a sentence and what form each noun takes. The examples used were collected from contemporary English materials—magazines, literary works, academic works and so on. The number of nouns collected is 224 and the number of examples including those nouns is 1956.

0. はじめに

名詞に that clause が続いて、いわゆる同格構文をなす場合があるが、このような同格の that clause を導くことができる名詞にはどのようなものがあるであろうか、どの名詞がこの構文に頻繁に用いられるであろうか、また、これら「名詞+that clause」は文中に於いてどのように用いられるか、名詞の形態はどうであろうか、等について、筆者が集収した例をもとにして実証的に調査した結果を報告したものが本稿である。用例は、Newsweek や Time, Reader's Digest 等の雑誌の他、20 世紀になってから出版された小説、論文、歴史、伝記等¹⁾の中から残らず集めた 224 種類の名詞と、それらのもつ 1956 例である。

1. 同格構文としてとりあげた範囲

例文の集収に際しては次の点に注意した。that clause がコンマやダッシュ

によって区切られたり、囲まれたりしている例はとりあげたが、コロンによって区切られている例は構造上の区切りが感じられるのでとりあげなかった。

「名詞+that clause」であっても、that clause が関係詞節と解釈できるものは、勿論、除いた。in case のように歴史的には case と clause の間に同格関係があったと言っても²⁾、現在は単一の接続詞としか感じられないもの、また、in order that～のように、order 単独で the end の意味に用いられず、in order that～ではじめて to the end that～の意味となるようなものは、分解不可能として除いた。There is no doubt that～のような、意味上、doubt と that clause の間に前置詞の省略が感じられる、石橋幸太郎氏の言われる Asyndetic clause は含めた。つまり、氏の言われる Contact clause³⁾をとりあげた訳である。本稿では、これを指して同格構文と呼ぶことにする。

2. That Clause に先行する名詞

筆者の集収した、that clause に先行する名詞を、I. 「他動詞+that clause」⁴⁾と関係する名詞、II. 「主語(仮主語 it も含む)+形容詞+that clause」と関係する名詞、III. 「その他」の三つのグループに分類してアルファベット順に示し、「名詞+that clause」の文中に於ける機能別の分布状態を示したものが第一表である。名詞の肩に付した*印は9例⁵⁾以上もつ名詞であることを示し、また、L という文字は“Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English”で that clause をとる名詞であると標示されているものであることを示す。K という文字は、久下沼氏の集収された分裂同格構文(「名詞+BE 動詞+that clause」)の head-word として用いられる名詞⁶⁾の中に含まれていることを示す。これは、“A Grammar of Contemporary English”の、名詞とそれに続く that clause が同格関係であるかどうかを判定するには、間に BE 動詞を挿入して文ができるかどうかを調べるとよいという説明⁷⁾にもとずき、参考の為に示した。夫々、該当する欄に○印を記入した。

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第 一 表

	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
acceptance			1			1			2
accusation		○	1			1	2		4
acknowledgement						1			1
admission	○	○	1	1		2	3		7
agreement		○	2			2	1		5
allegation		○				4	4		8
announcement*				6		1	2		9
answer		○					1		1
anticipation	○						1		1
apprehension		○	1						1
argument*		○		3		1	6		10
arrangement						1			1
assertion*	○	○		2		2	5	1	10
assumption*	○	○			1	3	19		23
assurance*	○	○	2	1		9	6		18
belief*	○	○	4	5	1	16	22	5	53
boast	○	○					1		1
caution						1			1
charge*		○		2		6	4		12
claim*	○	○		7	1	11	8		27
comment		○				1	1		2
complaint		○		1		3	1		5
concession		○			1	1			2
conclusion*		○				3	32		35
condition*	○	○					10		10
contention	○	○		1		3	1		5
conviction*	○	○	1	2		6	6	1	16
declaration						1	2		3

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	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
decree	○						1		1
demand*	○					5	4		9
demonstration	○			2	2			1	5
denial			1		1				2
desire	○			1					1
disclosure		○		2			3		5
discovery*	○	○	1	4	3		2		10
doubt*	○	○	49	2		19	1	1	72
dread						1			1
estimate	○	○	1	1	1		1		4
expectation		○					3		3
explanation		○					1		1
fear*	○	○	12	7	1	9	24	1	54
feeling*	○	○	15	6	4	43	16	1	85
forecast	○	○						1	1
guarantee*	○		3			5		1	9
guess		○				1			1
hint		○	2			3	1		6
hope*	○	○	10	4	1	16	8		39
hypothesis*		○		1		7	1	1	10
image		○		1					1
implication		○		2		1	1		4
indication*	○	○	6	1	3	3	2		15
inference		○				1			1
information		○	1			3	4		8
insistence					1		6	1	8
instruction							1		1
intention		○				1	1		2
intimation	○			1					1
knowledge*		○	1	2			8		11

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	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
mention							1		1
misconception		○				1			1
muttering			2						2
notice						5	3		8
objection		○					2		2
observation*						3	7		10
offer		○					1		1
order	○	○				1			1
perception			1			1			2
persuasion						2			2
petition							1		1
pledge						2			2
prayer						1			1
preaching						1			1
prediction	○	○	1	1			3		5
premise	○	○				1	4		5
presumption	○			1					1
pretense,-tence						1	4		5
proclamation						1			1
promise	○	○		2		2		1	5
proof*	○	○	3	2	4	3	3	3	18
proposal*	○	○	1	3		3	3	1	11
proposition	○	○		2		2	2		6
provision	○	○				1			1
realization*, -sa-	○		4	2	3	2	1		12
reason	○	○					8		8
recognition			1		3	2	1		7
recommendation		○				1		1	2
remark		○				3	2		5
reminder			2		4	1		1	8

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	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
report*			6	4		2	8		20
request	○						6	1	7
requirement*		○	2	4	2	2	4		14
revelation	○	○	1	2			4		7
rule	○	○		1		2	4		7
ruling	○			1					1
rumo(u)r*	○	○	6	5		10	2	1	24
saying		○		1		1	1		3
sense*		○		1		4	20	3	28
sign*		○	26	1	6	5	5	2	45
signal						1		2	3
speculation*	○	○	4	2		4	6		16
statement		○			1	4	3		8
stipulation	○	○					1		1
suggestion*	○	○	2	7		8	7		24
supposition		○					4		4
suspicion*	○	○	2	2	1	6	5		16
teaching		○						1	1
testimony	○			1		2			3
thought*		○		11	1	10	10		32
understanding			1			2	3		6
vow							1		1
warning*		○	1			1	7		9
wish		○		1		4			5
wonder		○				2			2
小 計			181	125	46	308	374	32	1066
II.									
anxiety	○	○					1		1
awareness	○					2	3		5
certainty		○	1		1	1	3		6

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	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
confidence			1	1		2			4
consciousness	○					1			1
evidence*	○	○	27	4	6	15	6		58
likelihood*		○	8			1			9
possibility*	○	○	14	5		18	8	1	46
pride		○					1		1
probability	○	○					1		1
truth		○				2	1		3
小 計			51	10	7	42	24	1	135
III.									
ability							1		1
adage						1			1
advantage		○		1					1
alternative		○				1			1
amazement						1			1
appeal		○					1		1
attitude		○				1			1
axiom		○					1		1
basis		○					3		3
bitterness		○		1					1
care						2			2
chagrin			1						1
chance*		○	13						13
cliché		○				1			1
concept	○	○		1		3	1		5
concern		○	1			2	1		4
consensus			2						2
constraint						1	1		2
contempt						1			1
credo				1					1

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	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
danger*		○	9	2					11
defense, defence		○				2			2
delusion		○				1	2		3
dictum							3		3
difficulty		○				1			1
disappointment			1						1
doctrine		○				4		1	5
dogma				1					1
effect*						1	8		9
elaboration						1			1
excuse		○		1			1		2
expression		○		1					1
extent							2		2
fact*	○	○	2	66	20	52	139	1	280
faith	○						1		1
gamble		○				1			1
generalization		○			1	2	2		5
ground*		○					34		34
horror		○				1			1
hunch	○	○		1					1
idea*		○		14	3	28	29	2	76
illusion				1	1	2			4
impression*	○	○		1		29	10		40
indignation						1	1		2
inkling						2			2
instinct		○				1			1
interpretation		○				2	2		4
intuition	○	○				1			1
irony		○	1						1
irritation						1			1

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	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
lesson		○			1				1
lie						1			1
line		○				1			1
manifesto						1			1
memory		○				1			1
message	○	○			1	2	1		4
mind*						12			12
mistake		○	1						1
motion	○	○		1					1
news*		○		5		3	5		13
notion*	○	○		3		5	4	2	14
off-chance							1		1
opinion*		○		1		2	7		10
outcry			1						1
paradox		○				1	1		2
point		○		2		2	3		7
portent								1	1
position*		○		2		5	3		10
precept			1						1
principle	○	○		1		1	2		4
property		○				1			1
prospect		○					4		4
proverb		○					1		1
qualification						1			1
question*			18						18
rationalization				1					1
reading		○					1		1
record			1						1
regulation							1		1
relief					1				1

	L	K	there is 構 文	主語	補語	動語の 目 的	前置詞 の目的	その他	計
resentment						1			1
respect							1		1
result*		○					20		20
risk	○	○	2					1	3
satisfaction						2			2
secret		○				1			1
story		○				2			2
subject							1		1
surprise		○				1			1
talk		○	2			1			3
tension						1			1
theory*	○	○	1	1		5	8		15
thesis		○				1			1
threat		○				1	1		2
tradition			2						2
untruth						1			1
view*						11	5		16
whisper				1		1			2
witness					1				1
word*		○		8		13			21
小 計			59	118	29	228	313	8	755
総 計			291	253	82	578	711	41	1956
率			15%	13%	4%	30%	36%	2%	100%

“Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English”に that clause をとるという標示がついていながら、筆者の集収例中に含まれていない名詞は 26⁸⁾ある。これは、筆者の例は限定された範囲内に実際に使用された例だけを集めたものであって、そのように使用できるとわかっていても、その例を見つけない限りはとりあげていないのに対して、辞書の場合は使用の可能性のある

ものはできる限り網羅的にとりあげなければならないという方法上の差によるものであろう。また、筆者にあって久下沼氏にない名詞は 83 種類あるが、これは集収範囲の差や、論理的に関連性があるとはいえ、分裂同格構文と本稿の同格構文は別々な構文であるから、夫々の使用の実態とは差があるであろう等の原因が考えられよう。しかし、筆者の集収した名詞の約 63 % に相当する 140 種類の名詞は分裂同格構文の主語としても用いられ得るということは注目してもよいであろう。

2.1 *印を付した 9 例以上もつ名詞は、筆者の名詞総数の 24 % 弱の 55 種類にすぎない。2 例以下しかもたない名詞は、約 51 % に相当する 115 種類で、この 115 種類をもつ例数を合計しても総例数 1956 の約 7 % の 141 例しかない。一方、fact だけで総例数の約 14 % に相当する 280 例をもち、その次に例数の多い feeling の 85 例よりも 195 例も多い。同格節と言え、the fact that～と fact が思い出される由縁であろう。

2.2 第一表の総計欄からわかる通り、前置詞の目的として用いられる場合が最も例数が多く、動詞の目的として用いられる場合がそれに次いでいる。補語として用いられる場合の例数は非常に少数である。総例数の約 4 % にすぎない。

3. There is 構文の主語として用いられる that clause に先行する名詞

There is 構文の主語としては、60 種類の名詞が用いられている。その総数 291 の例には、名詞に no, little などの否定詞を伴ったり、否定文で any を伴ったりしている例が 112 含まれている。その他の名詞には、不定冠詞や some 等を伴ったり、或いは、冠詞類は伴わなかったりして indefinite を示すものが殆どである。これは、There is 構文には普通 indefinite な主語が起らないという傾向を反映したものであろう。しかし、定冠詞を伴う例が 14 例、that を伴う例が 1 例ある。以下にそれらの例を示す（下線は筆者が施した）。

chance

1. 'Well,' Dewey had replied, 'that's all I think about. And there's the chance that just while talking the thing over, I'll hit on something I haven't thought of before.' (In Cold Blood p.154)

discovery

2. There was also the discovery, made almost daily, that anyone who spelled Connecticut with more than two t's had to stay after school until he had written that teasing word 50 times.
(Reader's Digest May 1976 p.89)

fact

3. But quite apart from the various technical terms of radio and television programmes which pass into general currency, there is the broad linguistic fact that broadcasting churns out a tremendous number of American popular songs which painlessly imprint transatlantic words and idioms (or, on occasion, pronunciations) on the minds of millions of young listeners.
(The Changing English Language p.31)
4. '... That, again, was a thing Sir Gervase would never have admitted to a stranger. Then there was the object you picked up in the hall, and the very significant fact that you did not mention that Ruth, when she entered the drawing-room, did so *from the garden*' (Christie p.191)

feeling

5. There was the feeling that this proved that if human beings want something badly enough anything is possible. and that repression can't accomplish everything.
(Newsweek May 26, 1975 p.52)
6. According to U. C. L. A. Psychologist Manuel Smith, author of the self-assertion bestseller When I Say No I Feel Guilty, "There is the feeling that all the institutions we believed in are bullshit."
(Time Jan. 19, 1976 p.54)
7. Here the situation is a little more complicated, since it would

appear that in the English of both Britain and the North American continent there has slowly arisen the feeling that there is something vaguely improper or ill-mannered about the use of the pronoun ‘me’.

(The Changing English Language p.232)

8. He was only happy while he was working and when he got into bed. And often there recurred to him then that queer feeling that his life with all its misery was nothing but a dream, and that he would awake in the morning in his own little bed in Lohdon.
(Of Human Bondage pp.48-49)

knowledge

9. There was no reproach either in their faces or in their hearts, only the knowledge that they must die in order that he might remain alive, and that this was part of the unavoidable order of things.
(1984 p.27)

perception

10. “So I am an optimist, and I think in time there will be the perception that the country has recovered from this traumatic period and that we have an excellent opportunity of making progress, whether it is domestically, internationally or otherwise.”
(Time Jan. 26, 1976 p.21)

possibility

11. There remains the possibility, which scarcely constitutes a very strong motivation for casehood for datives, that there are items for which both dative and location are optional arguments.
(On Case Grammar p. 131)

12. There was, of course, still the possibility that the workers would reject the Chrysler offer, although the first reaction of the strike leaders was generally favorable.

(Newsweek June 2, 1975 p.39)

risk

13. “With the U. S. Government thinking about elections in 1976,

there is the risk it will go too far reflating,” explained de Montbrial. “the \$65 billion American budget deficit is worrisome.”
(Newsweek May 19, 1975 p.35)

realization

14. There was still one final scene to be played out — the evacuation of the last Americans in Saigon — and that could yet turn ugly, and perhaps even bloody. Then, too, there was the anguished realization that it would be impossible for the U. S. to rescue all of the thousand of South Vietnamese who had staked their lives on American’s communist to their country.
(Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.6)

reminder

15. Yet when it has been conceded that there has been in some respects a movement away from the subjunctive there must be added the reminder that situation is at present complicated by a current of influence flowing once again from the United States where it so happens that this verbal mood is held in high esteem.
(The Changing English Language p.221)

3.1 この 60 種の名詞のうち約 $\frac{2}{3}$ に相当する 41 の名詞は、There is 構文の例を 2 例以下しかもっていない。このように There is 構文の例は少数でも、名詞の生起した総数は多いものがある。そして、総数が多くなればなる程、その名詞は There is 構文に用いられる傾向は小さくなるであろう。その意味では、fact は There is 構文に用いられる傾向は極めて小さい。その他、assurance(2/18), conviction(1/16), discovery(1/10), knowledge(1/11), proposal(1/11), suggestion(2/14), warning(1/9), theory(1/15)も There is 構文には用いられにくいものといえることができる。以下に例を示す。尚、discovery, fact, knowledge の例は、2, 3, 4, 9 を見られたい。

16. As many as 400 million may be in peril of starving this year in Asia, Africa and Latin America, and there is no assurance that the situation will not worsen next year.

(Reader’s Digest June 1975 p.9)

17. “For years the bishops and parish priests have denounced the IRA, but there’s a queer mental block in these fellows, who otherwise would be good, moral men. Deep down, there is some sort of inherited conviction that they have the right to be the arbiters of Ireland’s destiny and that, in pursuance of that right, they can take human life.”(Reader’s Digest August 1975 p.77)
18. There have been a number of proposals that the topic of a sentence be characterised by the presence of a NP which originates outside the S which ‘comments’ on that NP, and is at some point sister to the S. (On Case Grammar p.90)
19. Similarly in ‘... at least half the cardinals came from unrich families’ (Observer, 12 Oct. 1958) there is no suggestion that ‘poor’. (The Changing English Language p.181)
20. For example, there is a theory that they exploit the countries in which they invest and drain funds and resources from those countries without benefiting them.
(Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.52)
21. In both Israel and the U. S., however, there were increased warnings that Rabin’s government eventually would have to find some way of negotiating with the Palestinians.
(Newsweek Dec.15, 1975 p.16)

3.2 夫々の名詞の例数が比較的多く、There is 構文がその 20 %以上を占める名詞を第一表から抜き出すと、次のようなものが抜き出せる。これらは、There is 構文に用いられ易いと言えよう。

chance (13/13), danger (9/11), doubt (49/72), evidence (27/58), fear (12/54), hope (10/39), indication (6/15), likelihood (8/9), possibility (4/46), question (18/18), report (6/20), rumo(u)r (6/24), sign (26/45)

この中で、chance(100%), danger(82%), likelihood(89%), question(100%), doubt(68%), sign(58%), evidence(48%)は、特に注目すべきであろう。また、doubt と question の例はすべて否定文で、fear, report, rumo(u)r は否定文

をもっていない。注目すべき名詞としたものの例と、否定文をとらない三つの名詞の例を挙げる。

22. There is a serious chance that American naval and air bases in the Philippines 'will be denied to us after the "reassessment" of national policy announced last April by President Ferdinand Marcos.
(Reader's Digest Sep. 1975 p.67)
23. But clearly, if Soares succeeds too well, there is a danger that someone might try to change the rules of the match.
(Newsweek May 12, 1975 p.31)
24. If lithium treatment is indicated, there is every likelihood that once it has been started and the proper dosage is arrived at, your personal physician can handle it from there on, making regular monthly tests to assure that all is going well.
(Reader's Digest Aug. 1975 p.109)
25. But there is no question that there is still a very strong feeling in the U. S. that the state of Israel is here to stay and that it will continue to have the backing of the people of the U. S.
(Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.52)
26. There is no doubt that the British Government was frightened by the growing support for Rhodesia, and was determined to stop it.
(Good-bye p.72)
27. Though it was very cold there was no fire and no sign that there had been one.
(Of Human Bondage p.216)
28. There is no evidence that the black races are better adapted to heat than any other. It is much more likely that behaviour has been modified to adapt, and, inevitably, it has slowed down the pace of things.
(Good-bye p.102)
20. There is also a fear that the governments in Havana and Moscow, in concert with newly militant black nations, will contrive with success to turn southern Africa into a Communist province.
(Newsweek March 15, 1976 p.23)

30. And there were reports that five right-wing Cabinet ministers had resigned, which could paralyze the government.
(Newsweek May 19, 1975 p.16)
31. There were rumors last week that some big corporate depositors, concerned over the safety of their funds, have begun to pull money out of New York institutions and place it in regional banks untouched by the crisis. (Newsweek Dec.15, 1975 p.34)

4. That clause に先行する名詞が主語の場合

主語として生起する率の高い名詞には次のようなものがあるであろう。

announcement(6/9), claim(7/27), fact(66/280), news(5/13), rumo(u)r(5/24), suggestion(7/24), thought(11/32), word(8/13)

これらは、該当例を5例以上もっていて、主語としては夫々の名詞の総例数の20%以上の生起率である。このうち、主語として生起する率が、他の機能の場合に比較して最も高いのは、announcement と thought である。

32. The announcement that Bill's painting had won was followed by a national furor and one of the most extraordinary events in the history of art and equity law. (Reader's Digest Sep.1975 p.57)
33. The thought came to him that an accident would be a piece of luck, so that he could be taken to a hospital and lie there, in a clean bed, for weeks. (Of Human Bondage p.497)

4.1 主語として用いられた251例の中には、倒置により「名詞+that clause」が定動詞のうしろに移されている例が38、主語としての名詞から that clause が分離して述部のうしろにおかれている例が47、仮の主語 It をたてて、真の主語の「名詞+that clause」を文末に移している例が1つある。つまり、合計86例は、「名詞+that clause」、或いは、that clause が定動詞の前の位置から述部のうしろにまわされていることになる。この86例を除いた残り165

例中には、that clause がコンマやダッシュによって囲まれて主部と述部の間に挿入された例が 12 含まれている。また、前置詞の目的語として分類した例の中に、受動文に於て、行為者を示す by の目的になっている例が 61 含まれている。この例も、「名詞+that clause」が文頭の位置に立たないようにする効果をもつものであろう。このように、長い主語が文頭の位置に立たないように、また、目立たないように配慮されているのをここに見ることができる。以下に例の一部を示す。

例置の例

34. At issue was Algeria's contention that the agenda of the conference should be broadened to include all raw materials, not just oil.
(Newsweek May 26 1975 p.35)
35. More typical of Maugham was his complaint some years ago that he couldn't read modern novels without a dictionary since the authors used so much slang.
(The Changing English Language p.43)

that clause が名詞から離れて述部の後にある例

36. This is no doubt a deliberately exaggerated view, but the fact remains that science is one of the most powerful influences moulding the English language into fresh shapes at the present time.
(The Changing English Language p.12)
37. Rumors circulated in Saigon that Huong would soon step down in favor of Minh, but there was no telling when that might happen.
(Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.12)
38. In a catalogue issued in 1957 by the world's most famous motor-car manufacturers that claim was made that 'Space is provided for in-built heater and radio' and what is interesting here is the structure of the variant 'in-built' which exactly recalls that of *eingebaut*, with the preposition in first place.
(The Changing English Language p.111)
39. It was that of a shabby lodging-house in a sordid street; and

when, sick at the thought of seeing her, he asked whether she was in, a wild hope seized him that she had left.

(Of Human Bondage pp.537-538)

40. The thought flitted through Winston's mind that it would probably be quite easy to rent the room for a few dollars a week, if he dared to take the risk. (1984 p.81)

仮主語 it の例

41. ‘Sometimes, when I'm alone.’ He looked at Philip. ‘You think that's a condemnation? You're wrong. I'm not afraid of my fear. It's folly, the Christian argument that you should live always in view of your death. . . (Of Human Bondage p.405)

受動文で by の目的語になっている例

42. Sakharov was intrigued by this assertion that the KGB withheld momentous information that might have spared the Arabs their military debacle. (Reader's Digest Aug. 1975 p.128)
43. They are fed, too, by announcements like the one last week that five new Jewish settlements will be established in the Jordan Valley by the end of the year. (Newsweek May 3, 1976 p.21)

that clause がダッシュによって囲まれている例

44. This startling concept—that the preservation of our wild places and wild creatures is linked to man's own fate—led to the founding of WWF in the summer of 1961.

(Reader's Digest June 1975 p.114)

45. This rationalization—that wise and kindly wildlife managers must protect lesser beasts from their reproductive excesses—is dear to the hearts of wildlife managers, especially when creatures are more valuable dead than alive.

(Reader's Digest May 1976 pp.77-78)

5. That clause に先行する名詞が主格補語の場合

この構文が主格補語として用いられている例は、第一表に示されているよ

うに 82 例, 総例数のわずか 4 % にすぎない。名詞の種類は 33 で, すべての名詞の 15 % である。第一表によれば, 比較的補語の例を多くもっているのは fact であるが, fact のもつ 280 例の約 7 % にすぎない。proof(4/18)や reminder(4/8)は, それらの語が他の機能で生起している数よりも補語として生起している数の多いのが注目される。しかし, 例数が少い。従って, 先にも述べたように, この構文は主格補語として生起しにくいと言えるだけであろう。

5.1 「名詞+that clause」が主格補語として用いられた場合, もう一つの重要な要素である主語はどのような形態をとるであろうか。調査の結果をまとめると次のようになる。

- | | |
|--|------|
| 1) What に導びかれた名詞節 | 15 例 |
| 2) 関係節に修飾された名詞 | 5 例 |
| 3) 名詞+that clause | 3 例 |
| 4) 代名詞(It 7 例, That 5 例, This 2 例, They 1 例, Another 1 例, You 1 例) | 17 例 |
| 5) 関係代名詞 (which 1 例, as 1 例) | 2 例 |
| 6) その他 (名詞に clause 以外の修飾要素を伴って, 長短様々である) | 40 例 |

1) の場合, fact が 10 例を占める。3) の場合, 主語は 3 例共, The fact that ~ で, 補語は proof that ~ が 2 例, indication that ~ が 1 例である。以下に例の一部を示す。6) の例は省略する。

1) の例

46. So, in a sense, she was the only survivor; and what tormented her was the thought that in time she, too, would be overwhelmed: go mad, or contract an incurable illness, or in a fire lose all she valued - home, husband, children.

(In Cold Blood p.186)

47. What makes the conflict potentially more serious is the fact that Ethiopia is militarily supplied by the U. S. Djibouti has

thus become another possible pressure point in the much larger East-West confrontation. (Time March 1, 1976 pp.25~26)

2) の例

48. Moreover, when Washington finally began directly asking other nations to help, the most it could get was vague agreement from Italy, Argentina, Brazil and Chile that they “might” take some of the refugees. (Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.17)
49. The only thing that could save Hoover’s reputation with most of the press would be the discovery that he was a homosexual and a crypto-Communist. (Time Jan. 12, 1976 p.2)

3) の例

50. The fact that a robbery occurred naturally seemed a proof that what you had imagined was true. (Christie p.88)
51. “To be fair, however, the fact that British Leyland pumped more than \$20 million into Innocenti as recently as last summer is a strong indication that it tried hard to keep it alive...” (Time Jan. 26, 1976 p.15)

4) の例

52. To them, it was an indication that the Wilson government, like its counterparts in France and Italy, had come to the reluctant conclusion that the only way to stay competitive on world markets was for Britain to swallow its pride and let the pound continue to sink. (Newsweek March 15, 1976 p.44)
53. You quoted Senator Goldwater: “If we lock out the Concorde, that will be further evidence that the evidence that the U. S. is becoming a has-been power.” (Time Feb. 9, 1976 p.2)
54. This is a reminder that the term no longer denotes a mere band of precursors leading to a future stage of development, but indicates a movement in its own right. (The Changing English Language p.77)
55. Zamenhof’s own original poems were in the nature of tests of

the language and brief outpourings of his own heart, rather than profound creations; they are adequate evidence that good verse can be written in Esperanto and that imagery is possible in it;
(Zamenhof p.173)

56. Burma shares with China. Another is the fact that despite a personal visit to Peking by President Ne Win last November, the Chinese refuse to make any promise that they will stop giving aid to Burmese insurgents. (Time Feb. 9, 1976 p.8)
57. Now you are a witness that I place this sliver of looking glass (to which, remember, I have already called Mr Trent's attention) into a little envelope—so. (Christie p.184)

5) の例

58. 'It is impossible that they should. You will find as you grow older that the first thing needful to make the world a tolerable place to live in is to recognize the inevitable selfishness of humanity. You demand unselfishness from others, which is a preposterous claim that they should sacrifice their desires to yours. Why should they? (Of Human Bondage p.210)
59. But once more the phenomena concerning morphology, agreement and word order are not incompatible with cycle-terminating (semi-) subjectformation, as is his demonstration that the choice of ergative *v.* subject morphology can be based no quite superficial syntactic considerations (cf. e. g. the phenomena from Chukchee noted above). (On Case Grammar p.262)

6. That clause に先行する名詞が動詞の目的語の場合

「名詞+that clause」がどのような動詞の目的語になっているかを、名詞ごとに調べてみた。その一部を次のようにして示す。

- I. 特定の動詞の目的語になる傾向の明白なもの
- II. 例数を多くもつ名詞を選び出し、その名詞を目的語にしている動詞の

種類と例数

III. I, II で取上げたものを除き, have, get, give, make, take の目的語になる名詞と例数

- I. doubt : have no (or little) doubt that~ (12)
 : leave no (or little) doubt that~ (5)
- feeling : have a feeling that~ (29)
 : have the feeling that~ (15)
- idea : have an idea that~ (11)
 : have some (or no) idea that~ (6)
 : have the idea that~ (3)
- impression : give (~) the impression that~ (10)
- mind : make up one's mind that~ (12)
- notice : have a notice that~ (5)
- sense : have a sense that~ (5)
- II. assurance : accept (1), have (1), need (1), demand (1), give (3),
 provide (1), offer (1)
- belief : include (1), share (1), keep (1), hold (1), refute (1),
 remove (1), scotch (1) (これらは the belief をとっ
 ている). confirm (1), encourage (1), make (1) (こ
 れらは one's belief をとっている). show (1), report
 (1), suggest (1), cherish (1), reflect (2) (これらは a
 belief をとっている).
- charge : investigate (2), answer (2), study (1), brush aside
 (1)
- claim : embody (4), accept (1), believe (1), make (2), sup-
 port (3)
- conviction : feel (1), have (1), reach (1), reflect (1), reinforce (1),
 share (1)

demand	: include (1), prompt (1), refuse (1), resist (1), support (1)
doubt	: raise (1), block off (1)
evidence	: have (1), possess (1), receive (1), consider (1), furnish (1), provide (2), report (1), find (5), see (1), lack (1)
fact	: accept (5), appreciate (1), add (1), alter (1), bemoan (1), bring (1), break (1), blink (1), conceal (1), cite (1), contemplate (1), camouflage (1), convey (1), confirm (1), explain (3), exploit (2), emphasize (1), ignore (2), illustrate (1), keep in mind (1), obscure (4), overlook (1), owe (1), point up (1), remember (2), resent (1), recall (1), mention (1), mourn (1), think (1), take into account (1), take together (1), turn up (1), use (1), underscore (1), view (1)
fear	: remember (1), share (1), calm (1), get (1) (これは the fearをとっている). fuel (1), trigger (1), heighten (1), allay (1) (これは fearsをとっている). have (1) (これは a fearをとっている)
feeling	: absorb (1), get (2), give (3)
guarantee	: contain (1), exact (1), get (1), give (1), have (1)
hope	: express (4), have (2), hold out (3), harbor (2), encourage (1), lose (1), cherish (1), feel (1), give up (1)
hypothesis	: support (5), eliminate (1), offer (1)
idea	: convey (2), like (1), accept (1), reject (1), stress (1), discard (1), dismiss (1)
impression	: create (3), confirm (1), have (5), get (2), over-

‘名詞+ THAT CLAUSE’について

- come (1), intensify (1), leave (2), allay (1), escape (1), avoid (2)
- position : take (2), endorse (1), repeat (1), maintain (1)
- possibility : exclude (2), eliminate (2), rule out (2), put aside (1), ignore (1), refuse (1), establish (1), raise (1), take (1), heighten (1), consider (1), propose (1), leave open (2), pursue (1)
- rumour : produce (1), spread (3), report (1), mention (1), hear (2), quell (1), allay (1)
- sign : give (2), show (2), see (1)
- suggestion : make (1), accept (1), include (1), follow (1), consider (1), compare (1), deny (1), decline (1)
- suspicion : have (1), raise (2), confirm (1), heighten (1), strengthen (1)
- theory : have (1), accept (1), doubt (1), oppose (1), dismantle (1)
- thought : have (4), get (1), bear (2), recall (1), offer (1), fight (1)
- view : take (1), support (1), confirm (1), justify (1), reinforce (1), express (2), make known (1), renounce (1)
- word : hear (1), receive (1), get (1), accept (1), give (1), send (2), send out (2), pass (2), relay (1), let~drop (1)
- III. make : arrangement (1), assertion (1), assumption (1), comment (1), concession (1), guess (1), inference (1), point (2), pretence (1), promise (1), secret (1)
- have : awareness (1), certainty (1), concept (1), confi-

	dence (1), conviction (1), difficulty (1), dread (1), implication (1), inkling (1), instinct (1), interpreta- tion (1), intuition (1), memory (1), persuasion (1), recognition (1), rule (1), wish (1)
give	: alternation (1), assumption (1), effect (1), hint (1), indication (1), inkling (1), proof (1), sign (2)
get	: reminder (1)
take	: attitude (1), gamble (1)

7. That clause に先行する名詞が前置詞の目的語になる場合

この構文が前置詞の目的となる率は、第一表からわかる通り最も高い。これは、名詞によっては、以下に示すような「前置詞＋名詞＋that」がグループとして機能を果しているようなものも多くあること（これらの中には慣用句として辞書に記載されているものも多くある）、また、前置詞の目的語として節をとることは許されないが、この構文を利用すると節が含まれるので長い表現を後に続けることができるという利点もあるからであろう。特に、fact の場合は、「事実」という意味内容が稀薄になって機能語化し、普通は節を目的語としてとることのできない動詞や、前置詞の後に節を続ける為の手段となっているときえ言われている。第一表で fact が前置詞につづく場合は 139 例で、fact の総数 280 の約 50% にもなっているのは注目すべきであろう (Cf.4.1.例 42,43)。

60. Here was a complete disregard of the fact that the people who talk German and base their ideas on German literature, the people who talk Italian and base their ideas on Italian literature, and the people who talk Polish and base their ideas on Polish literature, will all be far better off and most helpful and least obnoxious to the rest of mankind if they conduct their own affairs in their own idiom within the ringfence of their own

speech.

(A Short History of the World p.260)

7.1 「前置詞+名詞+that」がグループとして機能している主なものを、次に挙げてみる。

on the assumption that (9 例)

61. Assistant Secretary of State Philip Habib told Congress last week the Administration was “operating on the assumption that the great majority of them will come to the United States.”
(Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.17)

on the basis that (3 例)

62. But this was done on the basis that nothing would be said publicly about the drought—a move that would have opened up a massive outpouring of international aid.
(Newsweek Feb. 23, 1976 p.48)

in the belief that (5 例)

63. They dined in Soho, Philip was tremulous with joy. It was not one of the more crowded of those cheap restaurants where the respectable and needy dine in the belief that it is bohemian and the assurance that it is economical. It was a humble establishment, kept by a good man from Rouen and his wife, that Philip had discovered by accident. (Of Human Bondage p.291)

on condition that (10 例, うち 1 例に the がついている)

64. ‘Did you know that shortly before his death Sir Gervase was drafting a new will by which Miss Chevenix-Gore would inherit only on condition that she should marry Mr Trent?’
(Christie p.169)

65. Twice married, twice divorced, now twenty-eight and the father of three boys, Dick had received his parole on the condition that he reside with his parents; the family, which included a younger brother, lived on a small farm near Olathe.

(In Cold Blood p.35)

to the effect that (8 例)

66. On the third page he quotes the opinion of another writer to the effect that it involves 'a refusal of accepted discipline and behaviour'. (The Changing English Language p.77)

for fear (that) (8 例)

67. Berg echoes that sentiment. "You don't stop basic research for fear that the information it will generate will be misapplied," he argues. "The concern should come at the point at which that information is ready to be applied to humans."

(Newsweek Jan. 26, 1976 p.55)

despite of the fact that (11 例)

68. Nonetheless, the place seems to run amazingly well. Street sweepers are out daily, and the hedge outside the Governor's Palace is clipped regularly, despite the fact that the only residents of the quaint building are seven foreign journalists.

(Time Feb. 2, 1976 p.24)

in spite of the fact that (5 例)

69. We cannot tell here in any detail how Great Britain got possession of Egypt in 1883 and remained there in spite of the fact that Egypt was technically a part of the Turkish Empire, nor how nearly this scramble led to war between France and Great Britain in 1898, when a certain Colonel Marchand, crossing Central Africa from the west coast, tried at Fashoda to seize the Upper Nile. (A Short History of the World p.296)

in view of the fact that (6 例)

70. It would be necessary, for example, to indicate that the 'un-marked' value for 'deep subject' in a transitive clause, and thus for *by*, is agentive, in view of the fact that whereas *by* is a possible realisation for, say, datives, with agentives it is the primary marker (cf. P. G. Lee, 1969).

(On Case Grammar p.44)

on the ground(s) that (34 例, うち複数形 18 例)

71. After months of controversy, two unsuccessful entrants asked

the New South Wales Supreme Court to set aside the judges’
decision on the grounds that the painting was not a portrait but
a caricature. (Reader’s Digest April 1976 p.45)

in the hope that (5 例)

72. Some of Rome’s more fashionable ladies have stopped wearing
jewels and carrying cash, and a few helpful tailors have devised
silk cover-ups to be worn over mink coats and jackets in the
hope that robbers will mistake the valuable garments fur- fur-
lined parkas. (Newsweek May 12, p.35)

under the impression that (8 例)

73. ‘I don’t see the use of reading the same thing over and over
again,’ said Philip. ‘That’s only a laborious form of idleness.
‘But are you under the impression that you have so great a mind
that you can understand the most profound writer at a first
reading?’ (Of Human Bondage p.321)

with the information that (4 例)

74. His heart leaped at the thought. It would be amusing to appear
before Mildred suddenly with the information that he had taken
a room in the boarding-house. He looked out trains. But he
paused. (Of Human Bondage p.355)

of the opinion that (5 例)

75. The colonel delivered himself of the opinion that Godfrey
Burrows was slightly hairy at the heel, a pronouncement which
baffled Poirot completely, but made Major Riddle smile into his
moustache. (Christie p.169)

on the pretence that (3 例)

76. He could not even fall back on the pretence that he had come to
borrow the dictionary, because in that case Julia’s presence was
impossible to explain. (1984 p.138)

to the point that (3 例)

77. But there is no doubt that despite her modest beginnings in
Leyte Province, she is immensely wealthy today— to the point

that she recently appeared on a list of the world's ten richest women. (Newsweek Feb. 23, 1976 p.22)

for the (a) reason that (7 例)

78. It is now a respectable member of the vocabulary for the excellent reason that this verb neatly describes an action for which there was previously no name, and newspapers frequently comment nowadays on the doodling of statesmen attending meetings and conferences.

(The Changing English Language p.22)

79. *Black Africa* is an expression frequently to be met with nowadays in political articles, and here is a very obvious borrowing from French, where *l'Afrique noire* has long been used for an excellent reason, namely that for the average Frenchman Africa is likely to mean in the first place the North Africa of the Arabs rather than a continent inhabited by Negroes.

(The Changing English Language p.80)

with the (a) request that (6 例)

80. Couturat sent Zamenhof and Boirac the decision of the Committee, with the request that it be put before the Language Committee; but, writing on November 2nd, he wanted all the answers by December 5th; he also made it clear that he interpreted the resolution as 'adopting in principle the project Ido'—a doubtful interpretation.

81. Somehow Zamenhof managed to send a small Esperanto leaflet from Warsaw to England; it appeared in *The British Esperantist* in Esperanto and English, with a request that other papers would copy it; it was Zamenhof's political testament. It was called *After the Great War—Appeal to the Diplomats*.

(Zamenhof p.193)

with the result that (20 例)

82. These Gullahs have hitherto lived in great isolation, with the result that their speech retains a good many African features.

(The Changing English Language p.119)

in the sense that (17 例)

83. Certain novels seem definitive, in the sense that we would not want to read another on the subject; this is one.

(Newsweek May 26, 1975 p.50)

on the supposition that (3 例)

84. He goes where he wants to when he wants to, on the supposition that people will say he is politicking even if he stays home in bed.

(Newsweek June 2, 1975 p.22)

on the theory that (6 例)

85. A couple of slick counterfeiters made up a batch of \$18 bills and decided that a good place to pass the phony bucks would be in Vermont, on the theory that unsophisticated farmers would be especially gullible.

(Reader's Digest May p.74)

動詞との結合が密な点で、上に列挙したものと少々異なるが、to the conclusion that～が 29 例あった。そのうち 24 例が come につづき、5 例は別な動詞につづいている。それらの例の一部を以下に示す。

86. Recently, though, thanks to my wife, Maggie, I've come to the conclusion that the secret of happiness is having the nerve to try things.

(Reader's Digest Oct.1975 p.113)

87. Since the interpretation of these crucial examples is (at least) in doubt, it looks as if we should accede to Jackendoff's (1972, 217) conclusion that 'if all verbs with an optional NP behaved like *promise*, maintaining a fixed control position when the optional object is added, this would argue that grammatical relations determine control.'

(On Case Grammar p.228)

88. It seems to me that the phenomena we have surveyed point to the conclusion that English is only partially subject-forming, in that this applies optionally in nominalisations, and indeed for a subset of such it is excluded.

(On Case Grammar p.271)

89. The thought struck her that Philip was in love with somebody else, and she watched him, suspecting nurses at the hospital or people he met out ; but artful questions led her to the conclusion that there was ~~no~~ one dangerous in the Athelny household ; and it forced itself upon her also that Philip, like most medical students, was unconscious of the sex of the nurses with whom his work threw him in contact. (Of Human Bondage p.475)
90. He was forced to the conclusion that he was not of the right temperament for general practice ; he decided to specialize in some branch of medicine that would involve rather less distress and self-questioning for the doctor. (Zamenhof pp.29-30)

8. 名詞の形態について

冠詞を伴わず、又、冠詞と共にあらわれることのない相補的な限定辞（以下、限定辞と呼ぶ）も伴わず、複数形もとらない形態で、つまり、抽象名詞として用いられていることが形態上明白な名詞とその数を第一表の分類法に従って示す。

- I. notice (8), petition (1), wonder (2) II. confidence (4), pride (1) III. amazement (1), appeal (1), bitterness (1), care (2), chagrin (1), disappointment (1), faith (1), horror (1), irritation (1), memory (1), relief (1), surprise (1), talk (3)

このように、わずか18しか該当する名詞はなく、しかも、殆ど1例しか持っていない。この中で、notice と confidence は注目される。notice については6章を参照されたい。care は2例しかないが、take care that～として用いられる慣用的表現である。また、IIIに分類した名詞が18種類のうち13種類を占めているのが注目される。次に例の一部を示す。

91. And even if the links between Manila and Washington can be kept intact, Marcos and other Filipinos have served notice that

they are going to be more hard-nosed than ever before in dealing with the U. S. (Newsweek May 5,1975 p.32)

92. NBC professes confidencedce that the carbon-copy symbols will cause no confusion. Officials of N E T V—whose program *Anyone for Tennyson?* is being broadcast on public TV nationwide—doubt that. (Time Jan. 19, 1976 p.46)
93. However, to enable the Congress members who are interested in one or another of these questions to discuss them among themselves in private sessions, the Committee has taken care that they shall have at their disposal rooms in which they may meet as they wish. The places and times of meeting chosen by every group thus formed will be officially stated. (Zamenhof p.106)
94. “I wasn’t looking at you accusingly. I was merely expressing wonder that a son of ours should show such impious tendencies.” (Cancer p.6)
95. There is now talk that the Israeli Arabs, who are citizens of Israel, may band together politically to win greater representation in the Knesset, where they currently have five seats. (Time Jan. 19, 1976 p.16)

8.1 不定冠詞を伴わず、複数形もとらないが、定冠詞や限定辞は伴っている名詞を列挙する。形態上は、普通名詞の単数を含み得るが、殆どが抽象的意味で用いられていると思われる。() 内の/の左側には、定冠詞も限定辞もとらない例数を、右側には定冠詞を伴った例数と限定辞を伴った例数を示す。語は、第一表の分類に従って示した。

- I. acknowledgement (0/定 1), answer (0/定 1), anticipation (0/定 1), apprehension (0/限 1), argument (0/定 7,限 3), assumption (0/定 22,限 1), caution (0/限 1), comment (0/定 1,限 1), condition (9/定 1), desire (0/定 1), discovery (0/定 10), explanation (0/定 1), forecast (0/限 1), hypothesis (0/定 10), image (0/定 1), inference (0/定 1), information (2/定 6), insistence (1/定 2,限 5), intention (0/定 1,限 1), knowledge (1/定 10), mention (0/定 1), objection (1/定 1), observa-

tion (0/定 5,限 5), perception (0/定 2), premise (0/定 4,限 1), presumption (0/定 1,限 1), pretense (0/定 4,限 1), proclamation (0/限 1), provision (0/定 1), proposition (0/定 6), ruling (0/定 1), saying (0/定 2,限 1), signal (0/定 3), speculation (14/定 1,限 1), stipulation (0/定 1), supposition (0/定 4), teaching (0/限 1), testimony (2/限 1), thought (0/定 31,限 1), vow (0/限 1) 計 40

- II. anxiety (0/限 1), evidence (33/定 5/限 20), probability (0/定 1) 計 3
- III. ability (0/限 1), adage (0/定 1), alternative (0/定 1), attitude (0/定 1), axiom (0/定 1), basis (0/定 3), cliché (0/定 1), concept (0/定 4/限 1), constraint (0/定 2), contempt (0/限 1), credo (0/限 1), defense (0/限 2), dictum (0/定 1,限 1), difficulty (0/定 1), dogma (0/定 1), effect (0/定 9), excuse (0/定 2), expression (0/定 1), extent (0/定 2), fact (0/定 280), gamble (0/定 1), hunch (0/限 1), impression (0/定 40), indignation (1/限 1), lesson (0/定 1), line (0/定 1), manifesto (0/限 1), mind (0/限 12), mistake (0/限 1), motion (0/定 1), news (5/定 8), off-chance (0/定 1), paradox (0/定 2), point (0/定 7), position (0/定 8,限 2), property (0/定 1), proverb (0/定 1), qualification (0/定 1), question (0/限 18), rationalization (0/定 1), record (0/定 1), regulation (0/定 1), resentment (0/定 1), respect (0/限 1), result (0/定 20), satisfaction (0/限 2), secret (0/限 1), subject (0/定 1), tension (0/定 1), thesis (0/定 1), view (0/定 15,限 1) 計 51

assumption, basis, condition, effect, extent, impression, information, point, pretence, result については、前置詞とグループをなして用いられる例を含んでいる (cf. 7 章)。その際、condition を除くと、the をもつ形態ばかりであった。question はすべて no、或いは、little を伴うものばかりである。information, insistence, knowledge, objection, indignation, condition, speculation, testimony, evidence, news, dictum には定冠詞も限定辞も両方共伴っていない例もあらわれている。中でも、condition, speculation, evidence は the をもたない形態の方が多いのが目される。しかし、condition は、慣用的表現として確立している on condition that という形をとる (cf. 7 章)。fact は 280 例すべてが定冠詞を伴っている。以下に evidence と speculation の例の一部を示す。

96. ‘Do you see any evidence that that is happening? Or any reason why it should?’
 ‘No. I believe it. I *know* that you will fail. There is something in the universe—I don’t know, some spirit, some principle—that you will never overcome.’
 (1894 pp.216-217)

97. “In view of the established evidence that polycyclic hydrocarbons (carcinogen-containing chemicals) do reach the placenta and cross to the fetus, the suggestion that a pathogenic relationship might exist between inhaled cigarette smoke during pregnancy and the incidence of child cancers cannot be denied.”
 (Reader’s Digest Feb. 1976 p.84)

98. Cade was considering evidence that manic-depressive illness might be the result of a fault in body chemistry, much like diabetes and hypothyroidism. (Reader’s Digest Aug. 1975 p.107)

99. The failure of the Communists to quickly install an official government to replace General Tra and his eleven-member Military Management Committee led to some speculation that the North Vietnamese and the Viet Cong might be at odds on the composition of the government—with Hanoi opposed to participation by any neutralists or “third force” South Vietnamese.
 (Newsweek May 19, 1975 p.16)

100. Kennedy himself has turned down most out-of-state speaking invitations, explaining along with his regrets that to accept would be further to encourage the speculation that he is running
 (Newsweek June 2, 1975 p.23)

101. In addition, despite widespread speculation that the name of at least one Cabinet member is on the still-secret list, no close Miki associate has so far been directly linked to the scandal.
 (Newsweek Feb. 23, 1976 p.10)

8.2 不定冠詞は伴うが複数形は持たない名詞について、形態の分布を第二表に示す。

第 二 表

I.

	無冠詞	a(n)	the	その他	計
acceptance		1	1		2
admission		2	2	3	7
agreement	3	1	1		5
arrangement		1			1
belief		13	28	10	51
concession		2			2
conclusion		1	32	2	35
conviction		4	5	7	16
declaration		1		2	3
decree		1			1
demonstration		2	2	1	5
denial		1		1	2
dread		1			1
feeling	1	40	41	3	85
guess		1			1
implication		1	3		4
offer		1			1
persuasion		1	1		2
pledge		2			2
prayer		1			1
proof	11	2	2	3	18
proposal		2	8	1	11
realization,-s-		3	9		12
reason		1	7		8
recognition	2	4	1		7
recommendation		1			1
remark		2	1	2	5
request		4	3		7

‘名詞+THAT CLAUSE’について

	無冠詞	a(n)	the	その他	計
risk		1	2		3
rule		1	6		7
sense		6	21	1	28
statement		5	1	2	8
understanding		2	4		6
wish		1	3	1	5
小 計	17	113	184	39	353
II.					
awareness		3	1	1	5
consciousness		1			1
likelihood		2	1	6	9
possibility		8	32	6	46
小 計	0	14	34	13	61
III.					
chance		9	1	3	13
concern	3	1			4
consensus		2			2
danger	1	6	2	2	11
doctrine		1	4		5
elaboration		1			1
generalization		1	4		5
inkling		2			2
instinct		1			1
interpretation		1	3		4
intuition		1			1
irony		1			1
message		2	2		4
notion		1	13		14
opinion		1	9		10
outray		1			1

	無冠詞	a(n)	the	その他	計
portent		1			1
precept		1			1
theory		4	9	2	15
threat		1	1		2
tradition		2			2
untruth		1			1
witness		1			1
小 計	4	43	48	7	102
総 計	21	170	266	59	516

第二表から、recognition, statement, chance, danger は、むしろ、不定冠詞をとる傾向があることがわかる。このうち、chance, danger はすべて there is 構文に用いられたものである。agreement, concern, proof は、冠詞その他限定辞をとらずに用いられる傾向が伺える。belief, conclusion, proposal, realization, reason, sense, understanding, wish; possibility; generalization, notion, opinion, theory は、定冠詞を伴う傾向が伺える。conviction, feeling, request は定冠詞をとる例と不定冠詞をとる例がほぼ同数である。この場合は、第一表 I に分類された名詞 (34 種) が III に分類された名詞 (23 種) より多くなっている。この表に記載されている名詞に限って言えば、共通していることは、複数形を除いた訳であるから改めて言うまでもないことだが、例数を多くもつ名詞でも複数形は一例もないことである。

102. On another level, Moynihan hopes to win Americans who are disillusioned by the tougher climate for U. S. diplomacy in the U. N. (as elsewhere) back to a recognition that “ideas matter in world affairs.” He adds that in much of the world of the 1970s with its new nations and new political perceptions, “ideas, just now, are all against us.” But that is all the more reason.

(Time Jan. 26 p.17)

103. “As you know, we have seized the ship,” Nessen said, “As soon

‘名詞+ THAT CLAUSE’について

as you issue a statement that you are prepared to release the crew members that you hold, unconditionally and immediately, we will promptly cease military operations.”

(Newsweek May 26, 1975 p.15)

104. “Impossible,” was one reaction. Murmurs were made about behavior and sanitation. But there was general agreement that children who cannot get on with people often can with pets. Finally, it was decided to give it a try.

(Reader's Digest Jan. 1976 p.124)

105. The airlift of Americans and South Vietnamese met no interference from the Communists, but there was continuing concern in the U. S. Congress that such luck might not last.

(Newsweek May 5, 1975 p.7)

106. China furnishes proof that total revolution does not necessarily bring equality of the sexes. Women dress like men, walk like men, work like men, but, with the exception of Chairman Mao's wife Chiang Ching, few have attained positions of importance in the country.

(Time Jan. 5 p.36)

8.3 複数形の例をもつ名詞について、夫々の形態の分布を第三表に示す。
名詞は第一表の分類に従って示した。

第 三 表 (1)

	無冠詞		a(n)	the		その他		計
	単	複		単	複	単	複	
accusation		3				1		4
allegation		5		2		1		8
announcement	1	1	3	2		2		9
assertion			1			8	1	10
assurance	1	4	2	3		8		18
boast		1						1
charge		8	1	1		1	1	12

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	無冠詞		a(n)	the		その他		計
	単	複		単	複	単	複	
claim		3	5	14		4	1	27
complaint		2	1	1		1		5
contention		1		2		2		5
demand		5	1	2		1		9
disclosure		1		4				5
doubt	2	2		1	1	64	2	72
estimate		1				2	1	4
expectation		1		1		1		3
fear	16	10	10	14	1	3		54
guarantee		1	2	1		5		9
hint		5		1				6
hope	11	5	6	12	1	4		39
indication		4	5		1	5		15
instruction		1						1
intimation					1			1
misconception					1			1
muttering	1	1						2
order		1						1
preaching		1						1
prediction		2	1		1	1		5
promise		2	1			2		5
reminder			5	1		1	1	8
report		17	1	1	1			20
requirement			2	8	1	3		14
revelation		4		2	1			7
rumo(u)r		16	3	5				24
sign		18	8	2	2	11	4	45
suggestion		3	2	11		8		24
suspicion	4	1	2	5		4		16

‘名詞+THAT CLAUSE’について

	無冠詞		a(n)	the		その他		計
	単	複		単	複	単	複	
warning		4	4	1				9
小 計	36	134	66	97	12	143	11	499
II.								
certainty	1		1	1	2	1		6
truth				2			1	3
小 計	1		1	3	2	1	1	9
III.								
delusion		1		2				3
ground		1		16	17			34
idea		1	15	47	2	11		76
illusion			1	1	1		1	4
lie		1						1
principle				2	1	1		4
prospect				2	2			4
story		1		1				2
untruth			1					1
whisper		1	1					2
word		14		3	2	2		21
小 計	0	20	18	74	25	14	1	152
総 計	37	154	85	174	39	158	13	660

I に属する名詞が 36, II に属する名詞 2, III に属する名詞 11 で I に属する名詞が最も多数である。

複数形の例数の多い名詞を次に抜き出してみる。

I. accusation, allegation, charge, demand, hint, prediction, report, revelation, rumo(u)r, sign

III. ground, word

複数形の殆どは、定冠詞や限定辞のない形であらわれている。これらのうち、sign と rumo(u)r を除けば、不定冠詞の例を全くもたないか、もっていても 1 例のみのものばかりである。ground は 7 章参照。

不定冠詞の頻度の高い名詞は余り目立たないが、reminder を挙げることができる。reminder には複数形は 1 例しかない。

複数形をとらない傾向の名詞としては次のようなものを挙げることができるであろう。

- I. announcement, assertion, assurance, claim, complaint, contention, doubt, fear, guarantee, hope, indication, requirement, suggestion, suspicion
- II. certainty
- III. idea

これらのうち、次の名詞は更に不定冠詞もとらない傾向がみられる。

- I. assertion, contention, doubt, guarantee, requirement, suspicion

これらのうち doubt は There is 構文に用いられる例が 72 例中 49 例(第一表参照)、この 49 例のうち 46 例は no や little によって修飾されている。また、動詞の目的になる例 19 のうち 17 例(6 章参照)も no、或いは、little によって修飾されている。このように doubt は殆どが否定の修飾語を伴っているのである。assertion については後でふれる。

第三表中、warning は 9 例あるうち無冠詞複数形が 4 例、不定冠詞つきが 4 例と 8 例までが普通名詞として用いられるのも注目される。

以下に、第三表中複数形の例数の多い名詞の例の一部を示す。

107. On one domestic issue after another, the Prime Minister has put a foot forward, wavered and then beaten a hasty retreat—prompting allegations that his government is “weak and crum-

bling.”

(Newsweek Feb. 23, 1976 p.20)

108. Many of those interviewed said they were favorably impressed by reports that Reagan had done well as governor of California. But his earlier Hollywood incarnation was still hurting him.

(Newsweek March 15, 1976 p.35)

109. Still, recent revelations that two Marubeni senior officials have signed suspicious receipts for more than \$2 million clearly have the firm rattles.

(Newsweek Feb. 23, 1976 p.42)

110. There are persistent rumors that some Chase directors are unhappy and would not be sorry to see Chairman Rockefeller leave—though there is no indication that he will. Wriston’s reputation, in contrast, continues to grow even among bankers who are made nervous by his expansion-mindedness.

(Time Jan.26, 1976 p.37)

次に、不定冠詞の頻度の高い reminder の例を示す。

111. Delegates to the 25th Soviet Communist Party Congress in Moscow next month will get a solid reminder that Chairman Leonid Brezhnev is still very much the man in charge in the Soviet Union. The official souvenir of the 25th Congress will be a three-volume, leatherbound set of pocket-size books of “selected” Brezhnev speeches

(Newsweek Jan. 26, 1976 p.4)

複数形をとらない傾向の名詞のうち、更に不定冠詞もとらない傾向もあると思われる名詞の例の一部。

112. When called to testify, he will probably try to cast doubt on her assertion that she she was an unwilling convert to the S. L. A. cause. By contrast, Lifton believes young people are by far the most vulnerable to brainwashing. (Time Feb. 23 p.35)

113. The report seemed to bear out Richard Nixon’s contention that he was only following a precedent initiated by his Democratic

predecessors when he bugged his White House enemies.

(Newsweek Dec. 15, 1975 p.27)

114. The city's own employee pension funds—committed to buy \$2.5 billion in MAC and city bonds as their contribution to the fiscal cure—balked until trustees got a guarantee that they would not be held legally liable for any losses the funds suffered.

(Newsweek Dec. 15, 1975 p.35)

115. Even if the Fed chooses precisely the same objectives under the new procedure as it would have chosen under the old, the requirement that it state them publicly *in advance* and justify failure to achieve them makes it far more likely that they will be achieved.

(Newsweek June 2, 1975 p.41)

116. The Chief Rabbi's whirlwind action heightened suspicion among religious extremists that he was a political opportunist.

(Reader's Digest Nov., 1975 p.85)

これまで、名詞に冠詞がつくかどうか、どのような冠詞がつくか、名詞の数はどうかに注意を集めてきた。その為、表中に明白に示されなかったものに、代名詞や名詞の所有格がある。それらを伴う頻度が最も高い名詞は mind であるが、これは慣用表現として余りにも良く知られたものである。その他で注意すべきと思われる名詞に assertion がある。この語は 10 例中 6 例までが何らかの所有格をともなっている。その他、注目すべき名詞には次のようなものがある。()内の/の左側が該当例数、右側はその名詞の総数である。

belief (10/51), claim (5/27), estimate (3/4), insistence (5/8), observation (5/10)

117. Critics of Pius XII will find little in Volume IX to dissuade them from their belief that he had other reasons for silence.

(Time Feb. 9, 1976 p.45)

118. Judge Carter needed a recess of only 20 minutes to make up his mind. He declared that despite all he had heard from her he could not believe Patty's claims that she had been coerced by

the S. L. A. “I find,” he said, “that the statements made by the defendant after the bank robbery, whether by tape, oral conversation or writing, were made voluntarily.

(Time Feb. 23, 1976 p.34)

119. There was also general agreement with Ford’s estimate that real output will expand about 6.2% this year, compared to a 2% dip last year. (Time Feb. 2, 1976 p.29)

120. These dictatorships in the United Nations see nothing inconsistent or hypocritical apparently in their insistence that Rhodesia be governed by majority rule. (Good-bye p.112)

121. The article on France’s current medal mania (Jan. 12) reminded me of André Gide’s observation that by middle age all Frenchmen acquire two things : gonorrhea and the Légion d’ Honneur. (Time Feb. 2 1976 p.1)

尚, assertion の例は 112 番の例を見られたい。

以上, that clause に先行する名詞の形態を冠詞と数の面から観察し, 夫々に於て, 特徴的と思われる名詞を抜き出してきた。この章を終えるにあたって, 全体を覗いた場合, 定冠詞を伴った単数形が最も多くて 1017 例あり, これは, 筆者のもつ総例数 1956 の約 52 % に相当する。

9. that clause 中に原形の定動詞をとる名詞, 及び, that clause 中に助動詞を多くとっている名詞

名詞末尾の () 内には, その名詞の総数を示す。fear の場合, 前置詞 for をとるときの例を対象にした。

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| condition (10) | : root form (2), should (2), present form か root form か明白でないもの (3) |
| demand (9) | : root form (6), should (1), must (1), present form か root form か明白でないもの (1) |
| insistence (8) | : root form (1), should (2), can (2) |

offer (1)	: root form (1)
petition (1)	: root form (1)
position (10)	: root form (1), should (1)
proposal (11)	: root form (3)
provision (1)	: root form (1)
recommendation (2)	: root form (1), should (1)
request (7)	: root form (5), should (1), would (1)
requirement (14)	: root form (7), must (4), can (1), may (1), present form (1)
stipulation (1)	: root form (1)
suggestion (24)	: root form (6), should (3), might (1), will (1)
view (16)	: root form (1), should (1), will (2), can (1)
danger (11)	: will (2), would (4), may (3), might (1), could (1)
guarantee (9)	: will (4), would (3), shall (1), can (1)
hope (39)	: will (9), would (10), may (3), might (8), can (1), could (6)
likelihood (9)	: will (6), can (1)
mind (12)	: would (8), might (1)
notice (8)	: will (2), would (2), must (1)
possibility (46)	: will (9), would (10), may (3), might (8), can (1), could (6)
promise (5)	: will (2), would (2)
understanding (6)	: will (1), would (2), shall (1), should (1)
warning (9)	: would (6), must (1)
wish (5)	: would (1), might (3), shall (1)
for fear (that) (8)	: will (2), would (4), might (2)

10. その他の例

第一表で、その他と分類した例は、殆どが、「名詞+that clause」が前出の語や節や文の内容説明部となっているものである。以下にそれらの例の一部を列挙する。

122. Was anyone looking in their direction? Yvonne and Didier waved frantically. Suddenly, the ship's siren let out a long wail —the signal that they had been sighted.

(Reader's Digest Sep., 1975 p.118)

123. In a classic study eleven years ago, Psychologist Matina Horner, now president of Radcliffe College, concluded that as a result of their childhood training and various social pressures of home and family, many women are hobbled by a fear of success—a learned fear that the risks of succeeding are “loss of femininity,” loss of womanly identity. (Time Jan. 5, 1976 p.28)

124. Were history to repeat itself, some political analysts argued last week, the party might even gain some lost ground by expelling Tanaka from the LDP this time. An even greater alteration of the political map was also being discussed: the possibility that Tanaka may bolt the LDP and form a new party.

(Newsweek Feb. 23, 1976 p.10)

125. Unfortunately, they are not doing these things. They are too busy writing articles for *Encounter* and *The New Statesman* and appearing on TV or having rows about Rhodesia or claiming that they are more liberal than anyone else and can prove it . . . ‘In Whitehall,’ wrote Michael Shanks in ‘The Comforts of Stagnation’, another in the same collection of essays, ‘one can almost smell the atmosphere of failure and bewilderment, the sense that every possible plan has been tried and every one so far has failed— the feeling that the task of projecting Britain

successfully into the 'sixties is probably impossible for sane, civilized, democratic men and women (which British civil servants overwhelmingly are).' (Good-bye p.15)

126. Foreigners were allowed to inspect the posters in Peking—proof that this was not an isolated and unapproved campaign. Some students even said explicitly that Teng was the target. (Time Feb. 23, 1976 p.7)

127. Castro also responded enthusiastically to what amounted to a Latin version of Ping Pong diplomacy : a proposal by McGovern that American baseball and basketball teams visit Cuba and a request that the parents of Boston Red Sox pitcher Luis Tiant be allowed to travel from Cuba to the U. S. to see their son play major-League ball. (Newsweek May 19, 1975 p.23)

最後に、文の構造上特徴があると思われる例を幾つかあげてみる。

128. Rogers C. B. Morton, brought into the White House as a “political” aide in the old sense of the word, will live in both worlds for the simple reason that somebody has to. So that he may conform to the new codes of rectitude, book keepers are now devising formulas to divide up his time, his travel, his words, his work between the payrolls of the Ford Campaign Committee and the White House. (Time Feb. 16, 1976 p.35)

that clause の述部が has to で終わっている。

129. There are persistent rumors that some Chase directors are unhappy and would not be sorry to see Chairman Rockefeller leave—though there is no indication that he will. Wriston's reputation, in contrast, continues to grow even among bankers who are made nervous by his expansion-mindedness. (Time Jan. 26, 1976 p.37)

that clause の述部は will で終わっている。

130. However, since everyone assumed that a flying machine could not be developed in hiding, the claim that it had been put an

enormous strain on human credence.

(Reader's Digest Feb. 1976 p.130)

that clause の述部が been で終わっている。

131. Winston shrank back upon the bed. Whatever he said, the swift answer crushed him like a bludgeon. And yet he knew, he *knew*, that he was in the right. The belief that nothing exists outside your own mind—surely there must be some way of demonstrating that it was false? Had it not been exposed long ago as a fallacy? (1984 p.214)

「名詞+that clause」が文頭に立って主文から遊離し、主文の that clause 中の it がその内容を受けている。

132. There is some small evidence from correspondence that one Esperantist had some idea that De Beaufront was suffering, and wanted to help him; the compassionate one was Ludovic Zamenhof. (Zamenhof p.132)

that clause の中に、別な「名詞+that clause」がある。

133. 'You mean they usually leave a letter when it's suicide?'
'Exactly.'
'In fact, one more proof that it *isn't* suicide?'
He moved away.

「名詞+that clause」が独立している。

尚, that の省略されている例もみられたが, 例は省略する。

11. おわりに

筆者の集収した 224 の名詞の約半数に当たる 115 の名詞は, 1～2 例しか例がなかった。一方, fact はそれ一つで 280 も例があった。このように, 使用される頻度が極端に異なる語を一括して全体の傾向をさぐったのが, 第一表の総計欄の数字である。この数字によって示される傾向は, fact のように多数

を占める語の傾向に大いに左右されるであろう。従って、各章に於ては、できるだけ少数の語を無視しないように努めた。表にして長々と示したのも、単に傾向を見るだけの目的ではなく、そのような配慮からでもある。比較的頻度の低い語でも時にはとりあげた。

本稿では、この構文が英語と米語で異なる特徴をもっているかどうか、あるとすればそれはどんなものかというようなこと、作家間による使用実態の比較、文学作品、政治、法律関係の文章、科学関係の文章というようなジャンルの別により、この構文の使用実態はどうであるかは調査しなかった。それにもかかわらず、本稿に、英語学習上研究上利用できる点があれば幸である。

(昭和 54 年 5 月 19 日受理)

注

- 1) Newsweek, May 5~Jun. 2, 1975, Dec. 15, 1975, Jan. 26, 1976, Feb. 23, 1976, Mar. 15, 1976, May 3, 1976
 Time, Jan. 5~Mar. 8, 1976
 Reader's Digest, Jun.~Nov. 1975, Jan.~May 1976
 John Anderson: On Case Grammar Humanities Press (1977)
 H. G. Wells: A short History of the World A Pelican Book (1922)
 P. White: The Burnt Ones Penguin Books
 G. Orwell: Nineteen Eighty-Four a Penguin Book (1984 と略して示した)
 S. Maugham: Of Human Bondage a Penguin Book
 B. Foster: The Changing English Language a Pelican Book
 A. Christie: Murder in the Mews and Other Stories Penguin Crime (Christie と略す)
 T. Capote: In Cold Blood Penguin Book
 M. Bouton: Zamenhof Routledge and Kegan Pawl London (1960)
 J. Barlow: Good-bye England Hamish Hamilton (1969) (Good-bye と略す)
 Beckard and Crane: Cancer, Cocaine and Courage Washington Square Press (1960)(Cancer と略す)
 Bruce Fraser: An Analysis of "Even" in English
 Studies in Linguistic Semantics Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc. (1971)
- 2) Jespersen: MEG Part III 2.35

‘名詞+THAT CLAUSE’について

- 3) 石橋幸太郎著「英文法とところどころ」
- 4) A Grammar of Contemporary English 13. 16
英語語法大事典 p.1137
- 5) 筆者の用例は、名詞一つにつき平均 8.7 例になるので、これを基準にして 9 例をとりあげてみた。
- 6) 「分裂同格構文の主語の Headword になる名詞について」大学英語教育学会：「紀要」第 9 号
- 7) A Grammar of Contemporary English 13. 16
- 8) 26 の名詞は次のようなものである。
conception, concurrence, confirmation, conjecture, deduction, entreaty, external evidence, fiat, fighting chance, foreboding, injunction, misapprehension, myth, pleasure, premonition, presentiment, presupposition, prophecy, proviso, reservation, rider, rumbling, submission, tip, undertaking, wager
- 9) 英語冠詞活用辞典 p.261

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